

Product Data Sheet

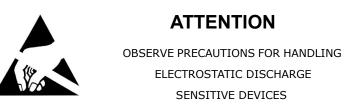
PN:2727RGB-60A





2727SMD LED-RGB LED 60Degree





Features

• Dimensions:2.75mm×2.75mm×H3.02mm

• Color : RGB LED

• Lens: White Diffused Epoxy

• Chip Material:InGaN、InGaN、AlGaAs

● Chip Dimension:255um、255um、255um

• Number of Chips:3pcs

• High reliability, High radiant intensity

Low forward voltage

• Meet ROHS, Green Product

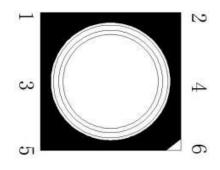
Applications

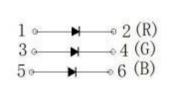
Ideal for backlight

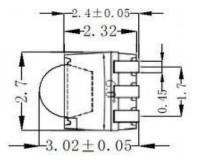
Medical appliances

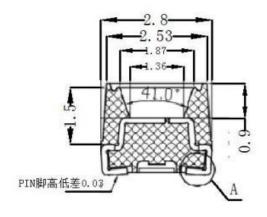
Indicator Light

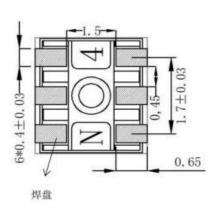
Package Dimensions











Notes:

- 1.All dimensions are in millimeters;
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.10 mm unless otherwise noted.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Tc=25℃)

Parameter	Cumbal	Rating			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Red	Green	Blue	Onic
Power Dissipation	Pd	70	105	105	mW
Pulse Forward Current	IFP	100	100	100	mA
Forward Current	IF	≤30	≤30	≤30	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5			V
Junction Temperature	Tj	110			°C
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +80			°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 ~ +100			°C
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	245			°C
Electro-Static-Discharge(HBM)	ESD	1000			V
Service life under normal conditions	Time	60000			Н
Warranty	Time	2			Years
Antistatic bag	Piece	4000			Bag

^{*}Pulse Forward Current Condition:Duty 1% and Pulse Width=10us.

Electrical Optical Characteristics(Tc=25℃)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition	
Forward Voltage	Red	VF	1.8	2.05	2.4	V	IF=20mA	
	Green		2.8	3.2	3.4			
	Blue		2.8	3.2	3.4			
Luminous Intensity	Red	IV	1300		1700	mcd	IF=20mA	
	Green		2400	2800	3200			
	Blue		600		800			
Peak Wavelength	Red	λР		633		nm		
	Green			525			IF=20mA	
	Blue			460				
Dominant Wavelength	Red	λd	620	625	630			
	Green		520	525	530	nm	IF=20mA	
	Blue		460	465	470			
Half Width		Δλ		15		nm	IF=20mA	
Viewing Half Angle		201/2		60		deg	IF=20mA	
Reverse Current		IR			5	uA	VR=5V	

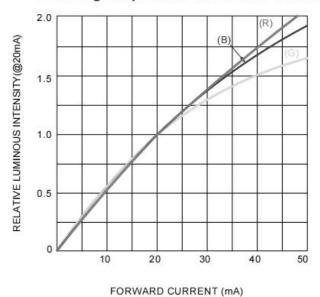
^{*}Luminous Intensity is measured by ZWL600.

^{*}Soldering Condition:Soldering condition must be completed with 3 seconds at 260°C

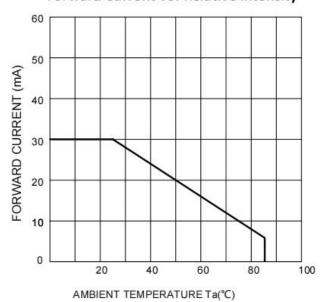
 $^{^*\}theta$ 1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

Typical Electrical-Optical Characteristics Curves

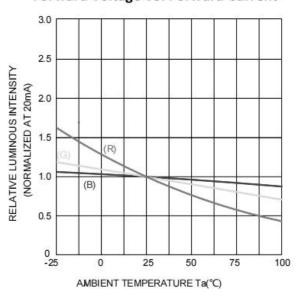
Soldering Temperature vs. Forward Current



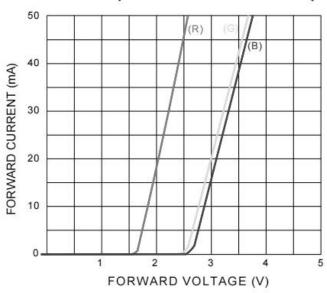
Forward Current VS. Relative Intensity



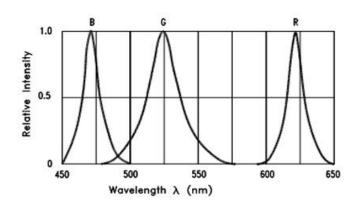
Forward Voltage VS. Forward Current



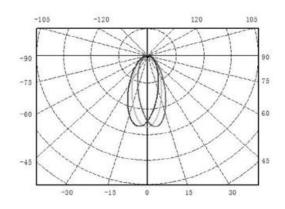
Ambient Temperature VS. Relative Intensity



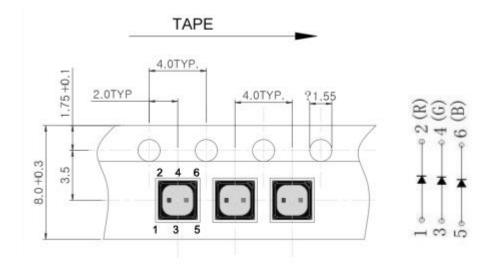
Relative Intensity vs.Wavelength



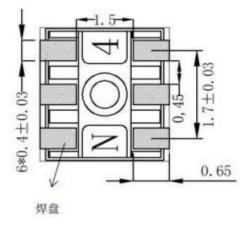
Spatial Didtribution



Tape specifications (Units:mm)



Suggest Soldering Pad Dimensions



Reliability Test Items and Conditions

Test Item	Reference	Test Conditions	Time	Quantity	Criterion
Thermal Shock	JIS-C7021 A-4	100°C±5°C 15min ↓ ↑ -40°C±5°C 15min	200cycles	22	0/22
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED- 4701 200 201	Ta=100℃	1000h	22	0/22
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED- 4701 200 202	Ta=-40℃	1000h	22	0/22
High Temperature High Humidity Storage	JIS-C7021 B-11	Ta=85℃, RH=85%	1000h	22	0/22
Resistance to Soldering Heat	GB/T 4937	Tsol*=(260±5)℃ 10secs.	2times	22	0/22
Life Test	JESD22-A108	Ta=25℃±5℃ IF=5mA	1000h	22	0/22
High Temperature Life Test	JESD22-A108	Ts=55℃±5℃	1000h	22	0/22

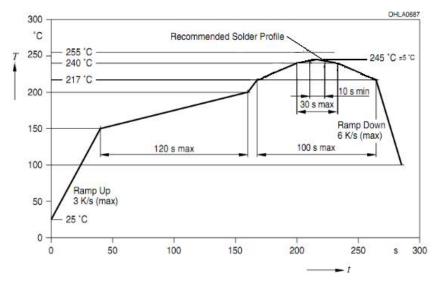
^{*}Note:Tsol-Temperature of tin liquid

Criteria for Judging the Damage

_			Failure Criteria		
Item	tem Symbol Test		MIN	MAX	
Forward Voltage	VF (V)	IF=20mA		U.S.L*1.1	
Reverse Current	IR (uA)	VR=5V		5uA	
Luminous Intensity	IV (mcd)	IF=20mA	L.S.L*0.7		

*Note:1.USL:Upper Specification Level 2.LSL:Lower Specification Level

Reflow soldering profile for LEAD-FREE SMD process



Notes:

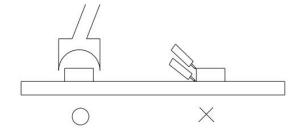
- 1. Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature.
- 2. The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times
- 3. Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product

Soldering Iron

When hand soldering, keep the temperature of iron below less 300° C less than 3 seconds The hand solder should be done only one times

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDS have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDS will or will not be damaged by repairing.



HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Althouth its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.



2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface.It may damage the internal circuitry.





3. Do not stack together assembled PCBS containing exposed LEDS.Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.

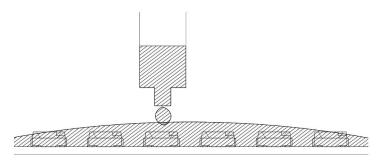


- 4. 4-A The inner diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks
- 4-B A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup
 - 4-C The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production
 - 4-D As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H2S might corrode silver plating of leadframe. Special care should be taken if an LED with Silicone encapsulation is to used near such substances.



5. LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material.

6. When we need to use external glue for LED application products, please make sure that the external glue matches the LED packaging glue. Additionally, as most of LED packaging glue is silica gel, and it has strong Oxygen permeability as well as strong moisture permeability; in order to prevent external of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external glue of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM



7. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.

Storage

- 1. Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2. The storage conditions of sealed bags are: TA 5°C 30°C, RH < 60%.
- 3. The storage time is calculated according to the date of the certificate on the packaging bag, and the effective time is 30 days. If the time is more than 30 days, it must be baked before use, and the baking condition is 65° C / 24h.
- 4. Before opening the package, please check the vacuum bag for find air leak in time. If so, please use it after baking.
- 5. After opening, please use the product under the following conditions: temperature < 30 °C / Rh < 60%. in addition, Please following baking treatment as below before use:
 - A: Baking condition: Place the product in an oven at 65 $^{\circ}$ C (\pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C) for 24 hours.
 - B:Take out the product from the packaging bag and bake it. Do not open the oven during baking.

6.In order to avoid the customer's loss in the production process that caused by moisture absorption of materials, please Strictly observe with the above requirements.