



Instruction manual for IH





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1. Overview

The IH type chemical pump is a single-stage single-suction cantilever centrifugal pump. Its marked rated performance points and dimensions are equivalent to the international standard ISO2858-1975 (E). It is an energy-saving and updated product determined by the Ministry of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering to replace the F-type corrosion-resistant centrifugal pump. , which can meet the requirements of transporting corrosive liquids with viscosity similar to water in chemical processes.

The temperature of the medium transported by the pump is generally -20°C to 105°C. If necessary, appropriate cooling measures can be taken to transport higher temperature media. The maximum working pressure of the pump is designed to be 16bar.

The performance range of this series of pumps:

flow Q: 6.3~400m³/h

head H: 5~125m

According to the corrosion of the pump by the transported medium, the user can choose the appropriate material for the liquid-contacting part. The materials of the main parts of the pump in contact with the medium are as shown in the following table:

Sichuan Zhongying Industrial Pomo Co., L

material	ZG1Cr18Ni9	ZG1Cr18Ni9Ti	ZG0Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti
code	303	305	306
material	HT200	ZGCr28	ZG1Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti
code		203	307

In addition to the materials listed in the above table, users are allowed to choose other materials that are suitable for the production of this series of pumps. In principle, materials and their codes should comply with the provisions of the GB2100-80



standard. For materials that do not have a code specified by the country, the internationally accepted material code or the domestically recognized material code (such as the regulations of the industry or the company) can be used.

IH type chemical pumps are suitable for a wide range of applications, such as chemical, petroleum, metallurgy, electric power, papermaking, food, pharmaceuticals, synthetic fibers and other industrial sectors for transporting corrosive or non-contaminated media.



2. Structure

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- 1. Pump body 2. Impeller 3. Sealing ring 4. Impeller nut 5. Pump cover
- 6. Sealing parts 7. Middle bracket 8. Shaft 9. Suspension parts

Structure description

- 1. Pump rotation direction: clockwise when viewed from the drive end.
- 2. Characteristics: The pump cover is fixed on the middle bracket through the stop, and then the pump cover is clamped in the middle through the connection between the pump body and the middle bracket. The pump body is axially suctioned and radially discharged. It is foot-supported and can be directly fixed on the base. superior. The suspension components are fixed on the middle bracket through the joints and supported on the base with the suspension frame. For the convenience of disassembly,



an extended coupling is designed. During maintenance, the outlet connecting pipeline, pump body and motor can be removed without disassembling the outlet connecting pipe, pump body and motor. Only the intermediate connecting piece of the extended coupling can be removed, and the rotor component can be withdrawn for maintenance. It is a common structural type in the world.



3. Standard performance sheet

Pump model	Неа	d Q	Total H (m)	Speed (r/min)	Efficiency η	NPSH _r	Impeller diamater D2	W (kg)
type	(m^3/h)	(L/s)	(1117)	(2/2222/	(%)	(1117)	(mm)	87
IH50—32—125	6.3	1.75	5	1450	51	1.0	125	44
11130 32 123	12.5	3.47	20	2900	56	1.8	123	77
IH50—32—160	6.3	1.75	8	1450	43	1.0	160	48
11130 32 100	12.5	3.47	32	2900	48	1.8	100	46
IH50—32—200	6.3	1.75	12.5	1450	34	1.0	200	58
IH30—32—200	12.5	3.47	50	2900	39	1.8	200	38
IH50—32—250	6.3	1.75	20	1450	26	1.0	250	90
IH30—32—230	12.5	3.47	80	2900	30	1.8	250	90
IH65—50—125	12.5	3.47	5	1450	60	1.2	125	50
IH65—50—125	25	6.94	20	2900	65	2.0	125	50
IH65—50—160	12.5	3.47	8	1450	56	1.2	160	55
1H63—30—160	25	6.94	32	2900	52	2.0	100	55
IH65—40—200	12.5	3.47	12.5	1450	48	1.2	200	60
11103 40 200	25	6.94	50	2900	53	2.0	200	00
HIG5 40 250	12.5	3.47	20	1450	39	1.2	250	102
IH65—40—250	25	6.94	80	2900	43	2.0	250	103
HIG5 40 215	12.5	3.47	32	1450	30	1.2	215	110
IH65—40—315	25	6.94	125	2900	34	2.0	315	110
11100 (5 125	25	6.94	5	1450	68	1.4	125	50
IH80—65—125	50	13.89	20	2900	72	2.4	125	56
H100 (7 160	25	6.94	8	1450	65	1.4	160	60
IH80—65—160	50	13.89	32	2900	69	2.4	160	60
H100 70 200	25	6.94	12.5	1450	61	1.4	200	
IH80—50—200	50	13.89	50	2900	65	2.4	200	66



Pump model	Hea	d Q	Total H (m)	Speed (r/min)	Efficiency η	NPSH _r	Impeller diamater D2	W (kg)
type	(m^3/h)	(L/s)	(111)	(1/111111)	(%)	(111)	(mm)	(Kg)
11100 50 250	25	6.94	20	1450	53	1.4	250	112
IH80—50—250	50	13.89	80	2900	57	2.4	250	113
IH80—50—315	25	6.94	32	1450	43	1.4	315	115
IH80 30 313	50	13.89	125	2900	47	2.4	313	115
HI100 90 125	50	13.89	5	1450	74	1.8	125	90
IH100—80—125	100	27.8	20	2900	77	3.2	125	90
IH100—80—160	50	13.89	8	1450	72	1.8	160	95
IH100—80—160	100	27.8	32	2900	75	3.2	100	93
H1100—65—200	50	13.89	12.5	1450	69	1.8	200	97
IH100—65—200	100	27.8	50	2900	72	3.2	200	97
HI100 (5 250	50	13.89	20	1450	65	1.8	250	111
IH100—65—250	100	27.8	80	2900	68	3.2	250	111
IH100—65—315	50	13.89	32	1450	57	1.8	315	160
11100 03 313	100	27.8	125	2900	- 60	3.2	313	100
IH125—100—200	100	27.8	12.5	1450	75	2.2	200	110
111123 100 200	200	55.6	50	2900	77	4.5	200	110
HH125—100—250	100	27.8	20	1450	72	2.2	250	170
IH125—100—250	200	55.6	80	2900	74	4.5	230	170
IH125—100—315	100	27.8	32	1450	68	2.2	315	190
IH123 100 313	200	55.6	125	2900	70	4.5	313	190
IH125—100—400	100	27.8	50	1450	60	2.2	400	210
IH150—125—250	200	55.6	20	1450	77	3.2	250	200
IH150—125—315	200	55.6	32	1450	74	3.2	315	225
IH150—125—400	200	55.6	50	1450	70	3.2	400	237
IH200—150—250	400	111	20	1450	81	4.5	250	255
IH200—150—315	400	111	32	1450	79	4.5	315	268
IH200—150—400	400	111	50	1450	76	4.5	400	278



4. Assembly and Disassembly

1. Pump disassembly sequence:

- (1) Unscrew the drain pipe plug on the pump body and the oil drain pipe plug on the suspension body. Drain the liquid in the pump and the oil in the oil storage room in the suspension body. If there is an external liquid sealing pipeline, it should also be removed.
- (2) Disassemble the connecting bolts of the middle frame of the pump body, and take out all the rotor components such as the middle frame, suspension parts, and sealing parts from the pump body (before this, remove the middle connecting piece of the extended coupling).
- (3) Loosen the impeller nut and remove the impeller and key.
- (4) Remove the pump cover from the shaft together with the shaft sleeve, mechanical seal cover and mechanical seal assembly. At this time, care should be taken not to allow the shaft sleeve and pump cover to slide relative to each other. Then disassemble the mechanical seal cover, take out the mechanical seal together with the shaft sleeve, and then disassemble the shaft sleeve and mechanical seal. If it is a soft packing seal, you can first remove the shaft sleeve from the pump cover, and then remove the packing gland, packing and packing ring in sequence. For mechanical seals with special structures, pay attention to their different disassembly and assembly methods.
- (5) Remove the center bracket and suspension bracket.
- (6) Remove the pump coupling and key.
- (7) Remove the dust disks at both ends of the suspension and the front and rear covers of the bearings, and then take out the shaft and bearings from the suspension body.
- (8) Disassemble bearings and shafts.



2. Pump assembly

The assembly sequence of the pump can basically be carried out in reverse of the disassembly sequence. However, when assembling, pay attention to check that the gaskets on each sealing surface are intact, and be careful not to miss any gaskets or replace incomplete gaskets.

5. Pump installation

- (1) After unpacking, check the pump and motor. If it is confirmed that there is no damage caused by the loading, unloading and transportation process and that the solid connections are loose, the inlet and outlet seals of the pump are intact, and no dust, dirt, etc. have entered the pump, then you can There is no need to disassemble and assemble again, it can be sent directly to the use site for installation.
- (2) The foundation plane on which the pump is installed should be leveled with a level. After the foundation cement has solidified, place the pump on the foundation and use a level to check the level of the pump and motor shaft. If it is not level, adjust it with iron pads until it is level. The base and anchor bolt holes are then cemented through the holes.
- (3) After the cement is dry, check whether the base and anchor bolt holes are loose. If appropriate, tighten the anchor bolts and recheck the level bottom.
- (4) When the motor, pump and base are reinstalled, the concentricity of the pump shaft and motor shaft should be strictly checked. The difference between measuring the upper, lower, left and right outer circles of the coupling shall not exceed 0.1mm, and the maximum and minimum gap difference between the end faces of the two couplings in one circle shall not exceed 0.3mm.
- (5) The suction pipeline and pressure pipeline of the pump should have their own brackets. The weight of the pipeline is not allowed to be directly borne by the pump to avoid crushing the pump.
- (6) When the installation position of the pump is higher than the liquid level (within



the allowable range of the pump's suction lift), a bottom valve should be installed at the end of the suction pipe, and a filling screw hole or valve should be set on the discharge pipe for filling the pump before starting. When the installation position of the pump is lower than the liquid level (filling condition), a control valve and filter device should be installed on the suction pipeline to prevent debris from being sucked into the pump.

6. Pump use

6.1To start

- (1) Prepare the necessary tools.
- (2) Check the oil level in the suspension body oil reservoir. It should be controlled at a position about 2 mm from the center line of the oil level gauge.
- (3) Check whether the rotation of the motor is correct. Reverse rotation is strictly prohibited.
- (4) Turn the coupling by hand. It should feel easy and even. And pay attention to identify whether there are any noises such as friction and foreign objects rolling in the pump. If so, try to eliminate it. And install the protective cover of the coupling.
- (5) When the installation position of the pump is lower than the liquid level (filling situation), the gate valve of the suction pipe should be opened before starting to fill the pump with liquid. If the installation position of the pump is higher than the liquid level (vacuum situation), the pump should be filled before starting. Or vacuum, fill the pump and the suction chamber with liquid, and drain the air in the pump.
- (6) Close the inlet and outlet pressure (or vacuum) gauge and pressure outlet pipeline gate valves, start the motor (it is best to jog it first, and confirm that the pump rotation is correct before officially running it), and open the inlet and outlet pressure gauges. Then slowly open the outlet pipeline gate valve to the required position.



6.2To run

- (1) Always check the temperature rise of the pump and motor. The temperature rise of the bearings should not be higher than 350°C, and the limit temperature should not be higher than 750°C.
- (2) Pay attention to changes in the oil level in the suspension body oil storage chamber, and always control it within the specified range. In order to keep the oil clean and well lubricated, new oil should be replaced regularly according to the actual conditions of on-site use. Generally speaking, all oil should be replaced with new oil after every 1500 hours of operation.
- (3) During operation, if abnormal sounds or other faults are found, stop the machine immediately for inspection, and continue operation only after queuing up faults.
- (4) Never use the gate valve on the suction pipeline to adjust the flow to avoid cavitation.
- (5) The pump is generally not suitable for long-term operation at less than 30% of the design flow rate. If it must be used under such conditions, a bypass pipe should be installed on the outlet pipeline to ensure that the pump flow rate reaches the specified use range.

6.3 To stop **日英** 以宗首报》

- (1) Slowly close the outlet pipeline gate valve and stop the motor.
- (2) Close the inlet and outlet pressure (vacuum) gauges. In the case of filling, close the suction pipeline gate valve. If external liquid drainage is used for sealing, the external liquid drainage valve must also be closed.
- (3) If the ambient temperature is lower than the freezing point of the liquid, drain the liquid in the pump to prevent freezing and cracking.
- (4) For pumps that have been stopped for a long time, in addition to draining the corrosive liquid in the pump, they must also be rinsed with clean water, especially the sealing chamber must be rinsed carefully. It is best to disassemble the pump, clean it and reinstall it, and seal the inlet and outlet of the pump and keep it in a safe place.



7. Precautions when using mechanical seals

This series of pumps can be equipped with different forms of mechanical seals according to different usage conditions, such as built-in single balanced and unbalanced types, double balanced and unbalanced types, external mechanical seals, etc. Therefore, depending on the type of seal selected, its usage and precautions are also different. For specific situations, follow the regulations in the "Mechanical Seal Installation and Operation Instructions". Here are some things you should pay attention to.

- (1) Generally, mechanical seals are suitable for clean media without suspended particles. Therefore, newly installed piping systems and liquid storage tanks should be carefully flushed to prevent solid impurities from entering the mechanical seal surface and causing seal failure.
- (2) In media that is prone to crystallization, when using mechanism seals, pay attention to frequent flushing. Before restarting after stopping, clean the crystals on the mechanical seal.
- (3) Care should be taken when disassembling the seal of the mechanism. Do not use hammers, iron tools, etc. to knock, so as not to damage the sealing surfaces of the dynamic and static rings.
- (4) If there is dirt that cannot be removed, do not force it to be removed. Try to remove the dirt and rinse it before disassembling to avoid damaging the sealing components.
- (5) Before installing the mechanical seal, all sealing components should be checked for failure and damage. If so, they should be repaired or replaced with new ones.
- (6) The grinding sealing end faces of the moving ring and the stationary ring should be strictly inspected, and any minor scratches, bruises and other defects are not allowed. All parts, including the pump body, impeller, sealing chamber, etc., should be rinsed before assembly, especially the end faces of the dynamic and stationary rings. They should be carefully wiped clean with a clean, soft cloth or cotton gauze, and then coated with a layer of clean grease. or engine oil.
- (7) Pay attention to eliminating deviations during assembly. When tightening screws,



tighten them evenly to avoid deflection and seal failure.

- (8) Correctly adjust the compression of the spring so that it is not too tight or too loose. If it is too tight, the sealing end face will soon wear out and become ineffective, and consume a lot of power; if it is too loose, the seal will not work and the leakage will be too large. Therefore, after the pump is installed, when you turn the rotor by hand, you should feel that the sealing spring has a certain amount of compression and can rotate briskly and flexibly without any clenching feeling. If it feels too tight or the disc does not move, then It should be appropriately loosened.
- (9) For mechanical seals with external flushing, the flushing fluid should be opened before starting to fill the sealing cavity with sealing fluid. When stopping, stop the pump first and then turn off the seal flushing fluid.





8. Troubleshooting

			7	roubl	.e				
Vibration and noise occur							Excess	sive lea	akage in the shaft seal cavity
Power consumption is too high						:	Shaft s	eal (inc	cluding stuffing box) heats up
Insufficient flow and lift							The p	oump is	s overheated or cannot rotate
Pump cannot pump liquid							В	earings	s are hot and easily damaged
Possible causes				+	+	+	+		Solutions
Air remains in the pump or suction pipe	0	0	//	0					Refill fluid and remove air
Suction lift is too high or insufficient perfusion	0	0	4	0	YL.	1			Lower pump level, increase inlet and pressure
The suction pipe is too small or blocked by debris	0	0		0	人		5,000		Increase the suction pipe diameter and remove blockages
The suction pipe is not immersed deep enough or is leaking	0	0	央 _gyint	Ind	ustri	RT P	3 /1 ump	ZZ Cu	Increase the immersion depth or repair the pipeline
Speed is too high or too low	0	0	0						Check the prime mover speed, as required
Wrong direction of rotation	0	0							It should rotate clockwise when viewed from the prime mover end.
The device head does not match the pump head.	0	0	0						Try to reduce the resistance or height of the discharge system
Medium weight and viscosity do not match pump requirements	0	0	0						Recalculate or replace the motor with appropriate power
Vibration occurs when the flow rate is too small				0	0		0	0	Increase flow or set up bypass circulation pipe
The pump and motor axes are inconsistent or the shaft is bent			0	0		0	0	0	realignment



There is friction between the rotating part and the fixed part			0	0			0	0	Repair the pump or improve its operating conditions
Bearings severely worn or damaged				0		0	0	0	Replace with new one
Seal ring worn too much		0	0						Replace with new one
Too much wear on the sleeve, packing or static and dynamic rings			0		0	0	0		Replace with new one
Improper selection or installation of packing or mechanical seal			0		0	0	0		Reconfiguration or installation according to usage requirements
The rotating part loses balance and causes vibration				0	0	0	0	0	Check the cause and try to eliminate it
There is too much oil in the suspension oil chamber or the oil is too dirty.			0	0				0	Add oil according to the oil level gauge or replace it with new oil
There is debris blocking the pipeline or pump	0	0	1	0	2	1			Careful inspection and drainage
Improper double seal hydraulic pressure			1	0	0				The pressure should be greater than before the shaft seal (05-1.5) kg/cm2
The packing gland is too tight or too loose	Hr	hΙ	0		0	0	5 [U	84	Adjust it appropriately

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9. Pump appearance and installation dimensions chart

1. Pump outline drawing

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2. Installation size chart

Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A ₂	B ₁	B_2	h	Н	H ₁	a_1	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a_2	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	2.50	Y801-4	0.55				905														
	0.70	Y802-2	1.1	820	150	540	895			360	320	25									
IH50-32-125	1.00	Y90S-2	1.5				925	80	80				197	337	165	125	4-17.5	140	100	4-17.5	4-18.5
	1.50	Y90L-2	2.2	920	170	600	950			390	350	30									
	2.00	Y100L-2	3.0	920	1/0	600	995			390	330	30									
	1.40	Y801-4	0.55				895	16													
	1.90	Y802-4	0.75	820	150	540	893	WP		360	320	25									
	2.85	Y90S-4	1.1				925	1	21	A											4-18.5
IH50-32-160	0.80	Y90L-2	2.2				950	80	80	7)			217	377	165	125	4-17.5	140	100	4-17.5	4-16.3
	1.10	Y100L-2	3	920	170	600	995	1	VA.	390	350	30									
	1.45	Y112M-2	4				1025					30									
	2.00	Y132S ₁ -2	5.5	1020	190	660	1075		1113	450	400	III.	13								4-24
	0.70	Y801-4	0.55	Ш		HI	895		1127	K	HII	30		Ш							
	0.95	Y802-4	0.75	820	150	540	693	Int	lustr	360	320		O - 1	Ltd							
	1.45	Y90S-4	1.1				925	80				25									4-18.5
IH50-32-200	1.95	Y90L-4	1.5	920	170	600	950		80	390	350		245	425	165	125	4-17.5	140	100	4-17.5	
11130-32-200	0.75	Y112M-2	4.0	920	170	000	1025		80	390	330				103	123	4- 17.3	140	100	4- 17.3	
	1.00	Y132S ₁ -2	5.5	1020	190	660	1075			450	400	30									
	1.40	Y132S ₂ -2	7.5	1020	170	000	10/3	95		750	+00										4-24
	2.10	Y160M ₁ -2	11	1140	210	740	1220			490	440		300	480							



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A ₂	B ₁	B ₂	h	Н	H ₁	aı	b_1	n ₁ -d ₁	a ₂	b ₂	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.65	Y90S-4	1.1				1060														
	0.90	Y90L-4	1.5	1020	100	((0	1085			450	400		265	400							
	1.35	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2	1020	190	660	1130			450	400		265	490							
	1.85	Y100L ₂ -4	3.0				1130														
IH50-32-250	0.70	Y132S ₂ -2	7.5	1140	210	740	1210	95	100	490	440	30	280	505	165	125	4-17.5	140	100	4-17.5	4-24
	1.10	Y160M ₁ -1	11				1335														
	1.50	Y160M ₂ -2	15	1270	225	840	1333			540	490		300	525							
	1.80	Y160L-2	18.5	12/0	223	040	1395			340	450		300	323							
	2.20	Y180M-2	22				1430	WP			8										
	1.60	Y801-4	0.55	820	150	540	895	1 4	21	360	320	25									
	2.20	Y802-4	0.75	020	130	340	093	1	-	300	320	23									1 10
IH65-50-125	0.85	Y90L-2	2.2				950	80	80	M.			197	337	185	145	4-17.5	165	125	4-17.5	4-18. 5
11103-30-123	1.15	Y100L-2	3	920	170	600	995	80	80	390	350	30	197	337	103	143	4-17.3	105	123	4-17.3	
	1.55	Y112M-2	4				1025		111-7			30	-								
	2.15	Y132S ₁ -2	5.5	1020	190	600	1075			450	400	倪	1	П							4-24
	0.90	Y801-4	0.55	ir bur	an i	Zhoro	895	Im	lustr	ist I	Drum Drum	O L	0	Th							
	1.20	Y802-4	0.75	820	150	540	093	11.11	1030	360	320	25									
	1.85	Y90S-4	1.1				925														4-18.
	2.55	Y90L-4	1.5				950						217	377							5
IH65-50-160	0.65	Y100L-2	3	920	170	600	955	80	80	390	350		217	311	185	145	4-17.5	165	125	4-17.5	
	0.95	Y112M-2	4				1025	,				30									
	1.30	Y132S ₁ -2	5.5	1020	190	660	1075			450	400	30									
	1.90	Y132M ₂ -2	7.5	1020	190	000	10/3			750	+00										4-24
	2.70	Y160M ₁ -2	11	1140	210	740	1220			490	440		232	392							



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	\mathbf{B}_1	B_2	h	Н	H_1	a_1	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a ₂	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.70	Y802-4	0.75				915														
	1.00	Y90S-4	1.1	020	170	((0	945			200	250										4-18. 5
	1.40	Y90L-4	1.5	920	170	660	970			390	350		245	425							
HICE 40 200	2.05	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2				1015	00	100			20	245	425	105	1.45	4 17 5	150	110	4 17 5	
IH65-40-200	0.70	Y132S ₁ -2	5.5	1020	100	((0	1005	80	100	450	400	30			185	145	4-17.5	150	110	4-17.5	
	1.00	Y132S ₂ -2	7.5	1020	190	660	1095	11		450	400										4-24
	1.50	Y160M ₁ -2	11	1140	210	740	1240	1		490	440		300	480							
	2.10	Y160M ₂ -2	15	1140	210	/40	1240			490	440		300	480							
	0.50	Y90S-4	1.1				1060	1				99000									
	0.70	Y90L-4	1.5			bi	1085		113	R		果	/	П							
	1.05	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2	1020	190	660	1130	In	lustr	450	400	30	265	490							
	1.45	Y100L ₂ -4	3.0				1130														4-24
IH65-40-250	1.95	Y112M-4	4.0				1160	95	100						185	145	4-17.5	150	110	4-17.5	
1H03-40-230	0.70	Y160M ₁ -2	11				1355	93	100						183	143	4-17.3	130	110	4-17.3	
	1.00	Y160M ₂ -2	15	1270	225	840	1333			540	490	40	300	525							
	1.30	Y160L-2	18.5	12/0	223	840	1395			5 4 0	490										
	1.50	Y180M-2	22				1430					30	340	565							4-28
	2.10	Y200L ₁ -2	30	1420	250	940	1503			610	550	40	360	585							



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	\mathbf{B}_1	B_2	h	Н	H_1	a_1	b_1	n ₁ -d ₁	a ₂	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.65	Y100L2-4	3.0				1155	95					300	550							
	0.95	Y112M-4	4.0	1140	210	740	1185	93		400	440	20	300	330							
	1.25	Y132S-4	5.5	1140	210	740	1235	110		490	440	30	340	590							
	1.80	Y132M-4	7.5				1275	110					340	390							4-24
	2.70	Y160M-4	11				1380														4-24
IH65-40-315	0.50	Y160M ₂ -2	15	1270	225	840	1380	95	125	540	490	40	320	570	185	145	4-17.5	150	110	4-17.5	
	0.60	Y160L-2	18.5	12/0	225	840	1420	11	OV.	340	490										
	0.70	Y180M-2	22				1455	1				30	360	610							
	1.00	Y200L ₁ -2	30				1530	110													
	1.30	Y200L ₂ -2	37	1420	250	940	1330			610	550	40	380	630							4-28
	1.60	Y225M-2	45	mi	He	hi	1565	95	1113			70	/\								
	0.90	Y801-4	0.55	IJJ		HI	015		Шź	K	\Box	Mr.	\triangle								
	1.20	Y802-4	0.75	820	150	540	915	Int	lustr	360	320	25	U . 1	Ltd							
	1.80	Y90S-4	1.1				945					23									4-18.5
	2.40	Y90L-4	1.5				970						217	377							
IH80-65-125	0.65	Y100L-2	3.0	920	170	600	1015	80	100	390	350		217	311	200	160	8-17.5	185	145	4-17.5	
	0.85	Y112M-2	4.0				1045														
	1.30	Y132S ₁ -2	5.5	1020	190	660	1095			450	400	30									4-24
	1.70	Y132S ₂ -2	7.5	1020	190	000	1240			430	400										4- 2 4
	2.60	Y160M ₁ -2	11	1110	200	720	1240			490	440		257	417							



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L ₁	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	B ₁	B_2	h	Н	H ₁	a ₁	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a_2	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.70	Y802-4	0.75				915					25									
	1.05	Y90S-4	1.1	920	170	600	945			390	350										4-18.5
	1.45	Y90L-4	1.5	920	170	000	970			390	330		245	125							4-18.3
11100 (5 1(0	2.15	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2				1015	90	100				245	425	200	160	0 17 5	105	1.45	4 17 5	
IH80-65-160	0.70	Y132S ₁ -4	5.5	1020	100	((0	1005	80	100	450	400	30			200	160	8-17.5	185	145	4-17.5	
	1.00	Y132S ₂ -4	7.5	1020	190	660	1095			450	400										4 24
	1.50	Y160M ₁ -4	11	1140	210	740	1240	11	V	400	440		200	140							4-24
	2.10	Y160M ₂ -4	15	1140	210	740	1240	1		490	440		260	440							
	0.65	Y90S-4	1.1				945		3												
	0.95	Y90L-4	1.5				970														4 10 5
	1.30	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2	920	170	600	1015	П	113	390	350	阴	245	115							4-18.5
	1.80	Y100L2-4	3.0	ichu	an z	huri	1015	Inc	lustr	iel l		D L	245	445							
11100 50 200	2.50	Y112M-4	4.0			200000	1045	80	100		Sections	30			200	160	8-17.5	165	125	1 17 5	
IH80-50-200	0.60	Y132S ₂ -4	7.5	1020	190	660	1095	80	100	450	400	30			200	160	8-17.3	165	123	4-17.5	
	0.90	Y160M ₁ -2	11				1240														4 24
	1.30	Y160M ₂ -2	15	1140	210	740	1240			400	440		300	500							4-24
	1.60	Y160L-2	18.5	1140	210	740	1280			490	440										
	1.90	Y180M-2	22				1315						260	460							



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L ₁	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	Aı	A ₂	B ₁	B_2	h	Н	H ₁	aı	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a ₂	b ₂	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	1.25	Y112M-4	4.0	1020	190	600	1185			450	440		265	490							
	1.80	Y132S-4	5.5	1140	210	740	1235			490	440		280	505							
IH80-50-250	2.50	Y132M-4	7.5	1140	210	740	1275	95	125	490	440	30	280	303	200	160	8-17.5	165	125	4-17.5	4-24
11180-30-230	1.00	Y180M-2	22	1270	225	840	1455	93	123	540	490	30	300	525	200	100	0-17.3	100	123	4-17.3	4-24
	1.40	Y200L ₁ -2	30	1420	250	940	1528			610	550		320	545							
	2.10	Y225M-2	45	1420	230	940	1565			010	330		320	343							
	1.30	Y132M-4	7.5	1140	210	740	1275	13		490	440		325	605							
	1.90	Y160M-4	11	1270	225	840	1380			540	490	30	345	625							4-24
IH80-50-315	2.60	Y160L-4	15	1270	223	0-10	1420	95	125	340	470	100	373	023	200	160	8-17.5	165	125	4-17.5	
11160-30-313	1.10	Y225M-2	45	1420	250	940	1565		L 7	610	550	/R	365	645	200	100	0-17.3	103	123	4-17.3	
	1.35	Y250M-2	55	1620	290	1060	1660	Inc	lustr	660	600	40	385	665							4-28
	1.85	Y280S-2	75	1820	320	1200	1735			730	670		363	003							
	1.35	Y90L-4	1.5	920	170	600	970			390	350		245	425							4-18.5
111100 05 125	1.95	Y100L ₁ -2	2.2	920	170	000	1015	0.5	100	390	330		243	423	200	100	0.17.5	200	160	0.17.5	7-10.3
IH100-85-125	1.40	Y160M ₁ -	11	1140	210	740	1240	95	100	400	110	30	200	140	200	180	8-17.5	200	160	8-17.5	
	1.90	Y160M ₂ -	15	1140	210	740	1240			490	440		260	440							4-24



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A ₂	B_1	B_2	h	Н	H_1	aı	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a_2	b ₂	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.80	Y90L-4	1.5	1020			1085														
	1.20	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2		190	660	1130			450	400		245	445							
	1.65	Y100L ₂ -4	3.0	1030	190	000	1130			430	400		243	41 3							
	2.20	Y112M-4	4.0				1160														
IH100-80-160	0.55	Y132S ₂ -2	7.5	1080	200	700	1590	95	100	490	440	30	260	460	220	180	8-17.5	200	160	8-17.5	4-24
111100-80-100	0.85	Y160M ₁ -2	11				1885	93	100						220	100	0-17.3	200	100	0-17.3	4-24
	1.10	Y160M ₂ -2	15	1230	225	800	1003			540	490		320	520							
	1.40	Y160L-2	18.5		223		1925		V	340	470		320	320							
	1.70	Y180M-2	22	1020		840	2010	1	71	1											
	2.30	Y200L ₁ -2	30	1420	250	940	1503	1 8		610	550	40	300	500							
	0.70	Y100L ₁ -4	2.2				1170		AV.				320	545							
	0.95	Y100L ₂ -4	3.0	rara at			1170		10 - 2				320	3-13							
	1.35	Y112M-4	4.0	1140	210	740	1200		13	490	440	30	280	505							
	2.00	Y132S ₂ -4	5.5	Lhui	an Z	hun	1250	Inc	ustr	ial l	Dum	μĒ	320	545							4-24
	2.70	Y132M-4	7.5			or Com V	1290						320	J -1 J							
IH100-65-200	0.70	Y160M ₂ -2	15				1395	95	100			40	300	525	220	180	8-17.5	185	145	4-17.5	
	0.85	Y160L-2	18.5	1270	225	840	1435			540	490	40	300	323							
	1.00	Y180M-2	22				1470					30	340	565							
	1.40	Y200L ₁ -2	30	1420			1545														4-28
	1.75	Y200L ₂ -2	37	1420	250	940	1343			610	550	40	360	585							1- 20
	2.15	Y225M-2	45	1430			1580														



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L ₁	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	B ₁	B_2	h	Н	H ₁	aı	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	\mathbf{a}_2	b ₂	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.60	Y100L ₂ -4	3.0		210	740	1195	102					340	590							
	0.80	Y112M-4	4.0	1140			1225	110		490	440		300	550							
	1.15	Y132S-4	5.5	1140			1275	102		490	1	30	340	590							
	1.60	Y132M-4	7.5				1315	102				30	340	390							
	2.35	Y160M-4	11	1285	225	840	1420	110		540	490										4-24
IH100-65-250	3.25	Y160L-4	15	1203	223	040	1460	110	125	J 1 0	420		320	570	220	180	8-17.5	200	145	4-17.5	4-24
111100-03-230	0.60	Y180M-2	22	1270			1495	95	123										173	4-17.3	
	0.85	Y200L ₁ -2	30	1420	250	940	1570	110	3	610	550			630							
	1.00	Y200L ₂ -2	37	1720	230		1635	110		010	330	40	380								
	1.25	Y225M-2	45	1430			1033	116		7//		40									
	1.55	Y250M-2	55	1620		1060	1700	110		660	600	-	400	650							4-28
	2.10	Y280S-2	75	1820		1200	1775	110		730	670		100	050							7-20
	0.65	Y132S-4	5.5		225	840	1305		UST Justi	7	514	UH.	//								4-24
	0.85	Y132M-4	7.5				1345			540	490	VLX	345	625							T-2-T
	1.30	Y160M-4	11	Lliui			1450	HIL		IBI	-, nui	P L	U- 10	LU							
	1.75	Y160L-4	15				1490				550										
IH100-65-315	2.20	Y180M-4	18.5	1420	250	940	1525	110	125	610		40	365	645	220	180	8-17.5	185	145	4-17.5	
111100-03-313	0.55	Y200L ₂ -2	37				1600	110	123		500	70			220	180	0-17.3	165	173	4-17.5	4-28
	0.70	Y225M-2	45	1620 2	290	1060	1635			660	600										7-20
	0.85	Y250M-2	55	1020	290	1000	1730			000			425	705							
	1.20	Y280S-2	75	1820	820 320	1200	1850			730	670		423								
	1.40	Y280M-2	90	1020			1855			/30	070										



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	B_1	B ₂	h	Н	H_1	aı	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a ₂	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
	0.75	Y112M-4	4.0		210	740	1225	110					300	580						8-17.5	
	1.05	Y132S-4	5.5	1140			1275	102		490	440	30	240	620							4-24
	1.50	Y132M-4	7.5				1315					30	340	620					180		
	2.20	Y160M-4	11	1285	225	840	1420		125	540	490		320	600				220			
IH125-100-200	0.75	Y200L ₁ -2	30	1.420			1570	10							250	210	8-17.5				
	0.95	Y200L2-2	37	1420	250	940	1570	110		610	550		380	660							
	1.15	Y225M-2	45	1430			1605			1		40									4-28
	1.40	Y250M-2	55	1620	290	1060	1700			660	600		400	680							
	1.90	Y280S-2	75	1820	320	1200	1775			730	670		700	080							
	0.60	Y132S-4	5.5	1270	225	840	1320	1.3	lustr		490	30	345	ī							
	0.90	Y132M-4	7.5				1360			540				625							4-24
	1.30	Y160M-4	11				1465				Sections	Si Si									4-24
	1.80	Y160L-4	15	1420	250	0.40	1505			610	550		365	645							
IH125-100-250	2.20	Y180M-4	18.5	1420	230	940	1540	110	140	010	330		303	043	250	210	8-17.5	220	180	8-17.5	
	0.65	Y225M-2	45	1620	200	1060	1650					40									
	0.80	Y250M-2	55	1020	290	1060	1745			660	600	40	425	705							4-28
	1.15	Y280S-2	75	1020	320	1200	1820			730	670		425								
	1.35	Y280M-2	90	1820			1870			/30	670										



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	B_1	B_2	h	Н	H_1	aı	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	a_2	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
IH125-100-315	1.05	Y112M-4	15		250	940	1505	110					390	705		210	8-17. 5		180	8-17.5	
	1.55	Y132S-4	22	1420			1560			615	550										
	2.10	Y132M-4	30				1613		140			40			250			220			4-28
	0.70	Y160M-4	75	1020	220	1200	1820			730	670		410	705							
	0.80	Y200L ₁ -2	90	1820	320	1200	1870						410	725							
IH125-100-400	0.95	Y200L2-2	22				1560	1 4			V.		440				8-17. 5	220		8-17.5	4-28
	1.20	Y225M-2	30	1620	290	1060	1613		140	660	600	40		795	250	210			180		
	1.45	Y250M-2	37				1655	1.6	5												
	0.70	Y280S-2	11	1270	225	840	1465	8		540	490								210	8-17.5	
IH150-125-250	1.15	Y132S-4	18.5	Ш	250	hI	1540	110	140		550	40	394	745	285	240	8-22	250			4-28
IH130-123-230	1.40	Y132M-4	22	1420		940	1560	Inc	lustr	610		40	394	743 20	283	2 4 0					
	1.90	Y160M-4	30				1613	VAT-ST		200		E 148									
	0.70	Y160L-4	18.5				1540							795							
	0.80	Y180M-4	22				1560										8-22			8-17.5	
H1150 125 215	1.15	Y280S-2	30	1620	200	1060	1613	130	140	660	600	40	440		285	240		250	210		4-28
IH150-125-315	1.40	Y132S-4	37	1620	290	1060	1650	130	140	000	600	40	440			240		250	210		4-28
	1.90	Y132M-4	45				1680														
	2.10	Y160M-4	55				1745														



Pump model type	Ratio (≤)	Motor type	Power (KW)	L_1	L_2	L ₃	L ₄	A_1	A_2	B_1	B_2	h	Н	H_1	a_1	b ₁	n ₁ -d ₁	\mathbf{a}_2	b_2	n ₂ -d ₂	n ₃ -d ₃
IH150-125-400	0.70	Y200L-4	30	1620	290	1060	1613				600		475	875	285	240	0.22	250		0.17.5	
	0.85	Y225S-4	37				1665	110		((0											
	1.05	Y225M-4	45				1680		1.40	660	600	40							210		4-28
	1.25	Y250M-4	55				1745		140			40				240	8-22	230	210	8-17.5	4-28
	1.75	Y280S-4	75	1820	320	1200	1820	130		730	670		515	915							
	2.10	Y280M-4	90	1620		1200	1870	130		730	070		313	913							
IH200-150-250	1.00	Y200L-4	30		290	1060	1673	1	71	1						295	12-22			8-22	
	1.25	Y225S-4	37	1620			1710	130	160	660	600	40	440	815	340			285	240		4-22
	1.50	Y225M-4	45	1020			1740	130	100	000	000	40	440					203			4-22
	1.85	Y250M-4	55	nn T	11.	L-T	1805		11/2	_		1111	/ \								
	0.60	Y200L-4	30	Ш		μį	1815		L,	K		K									
	0.75	Y255S-4	37	chu	320	hun	1855	Inc	lustr	ial l	Drilli	40	g.,	Ltd	340	295	12-22	285		8-22	
IH200-150-315	0.90	Y225M-4	45	1020		1200	1880	130	160	730	670		515	915					240		4-28
IH200-130-313	1.10	Y250M-4	55	1620			1945	130	100	/30	070							203	2 4 0		4-20
	1.50	Y280S-4	75				2020														
	1.85	Y280M-4	90				2070														
	0.65	Y250M-4	55	1820	320	1200	1945						515	965	340	295	12-22	285		8-22	
IH200-150-400	0.95	Y280S-4	75				2020	130	160	730	670	40							240		4-28
	1.10	Y280M-2	90				2070														



