

TEST REPORT

EN 149

Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles -

	marking (Incorporates Amendment A1: 2009)
Report Number 6.0.32	B ra2003240018SR
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Date of issue	Mar. 25, 2020
Total number of pages	10 pages
Testing Laboratory	Shenzhen BTa Product Testing Co., Ltd.
Address	Room410, Floor 4, new tea village industrial park gushu, community Xixiang streetbaoan district. Shenzhen China
Address	As above
Applicant's name	JiangXi Kaide Glass Packaging Co.,Ltd.
Address	West Industrial Park , LuXi Country, PingXiang City, JiangXi Province。
Test specification:	
Standard:	EN 149: 2001+A1:2009

Test procedure: LVD Scheme

Non-standard test method...... N/A

Test Report Form No.....: EN 149_V

Test Report Form(s) Originator China Ceprei (Sichuan) Laboratory

Master TRF Dated 2019-12

This European Standard specifies minimum requirements for filtering half masks as respiratory protective devices to protect against particles except for escape purposes. Laboratory and practical performance tests are included for The assessment of compliance with The requirements.

Test item description: KN95 Protective Mask/ N95 Respirator Mask

Trade Mark: N/A

Manufacturer JiangXi Kaide Glass Packaging Co.,Ltd.

Address......: West Industrial Park , LuXi Country, PingXiang City, JiangXi

Province.

Model/Type reference: KN95, N95

Ratings....: --

This Test Report is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf. Attention is drawn to the limitations of liability, indemnification and jurisdictional policies defined therein. The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only.

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Copy of marking plate

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks.

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(Additional requirements for markings. See 1.7 NOTE)

JiangXi Kaide Glass Packaging Co.,Ltd.

KN95 Protective Mask/ N95 Respirator Mask

KN95

EN 149: 2001+A1:2009

FFP2



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Test item particulars	:
Classification	: FFP2
Intended use	: Residential, commercial and light-industrial environments
Possible test case verdicts:	•
test case does not apply to the test object	.: N/A(or N)
- test object does meet the requirement	
- test object does not meet the requirement	
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item	: Feb. 23, 2020
Date (s) of performance of tests	: Feb. 23, 2020 – Mar.24 , 2020
	The state of the s
General remarks:	
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information a "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to Throughout this report a comma / point is	o the report.
General product information:	•
Model: All are the same except for the size and mod	del naming.
*	+

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			Result	
Property	Method	Principle / Requirements	TCBuit	
			Pass.	
Classification	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 5 Particle filtering fill masks are classified additional their maximum total inward leakage. There are three classes of devices: FFP1, FFP2 and FFP3.			
Designation	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 6	Particle filtering half masks meeting the requirements of this European Standard shall be designated in the following manner: Particle filtering half mask EN 149, year of publication, classification, option (where "D" is an option for a non reuseable particle filtering half mask and mandatory for reuseable particle filtering half mask).	Pass.	
Nominal values and tolerances	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.2	Unless otherwise specified, the values stated in this European Standard are expressed as nominal values. Except for temperature limits, values which are not stated as maxima or minima shall be subject to a tolerance of \pm 5 %. Unless otherwise specified, the ambient temperature for testing shall be (16 - 32) °C, and the temperature limits shall be subject to an accuracy of \pm 1 °C.	Pass. +5 °C to +38°C.	
Visual inspection	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009	The visual inspection shall also include the marking and the information supplied by the manufacturer.	Pass	
Packaging	Clause 7.3 EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.4& Clause 8.2	packaged in such a way that they are protected against mechanical damage and contamination before use. The visual inspection is carried out where appropriate by the test house prior to laboratory or practical performance tests.	Pass	
Material	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause7.5& Clause 8.3	A breathing machine is adjusted to 25 cycles/min and 2,0 l/stroke. The particle filtering half mask is mounted on a Sheffield dummy head. For testing, a saturator is incorporated in the exhalation line between the breathing machine and the dummy head, the saturator being set at a temperature in excess of 37 °C to allow for the cooling of the air before it reaches the mouth of the dummy head. The air shall be saturated at (37 ± 2) °C at the mouth of the dummy head. In order to prevent excess water spilling out of the dummy's mouth and contaminating the particle filtering half mask the head shall be inclined so that the water runs away from the mouth and is collected in a trap. Expose the particle filtering half masks to the following thermal cycle: a) for 24 h to a dry atmosphere of (70± 3) °C; b) for 24 h to a temperature of (-30±3) °C; and allow to return to room temperature for at least 4 h between		

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		EN 149	*	
Property Method		Principle / Requirements	Result	
		The conditioning shall be carried out in a manner which ensures that no thermal shock occurs.		
Cleaning and disinfecting EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause7.6& Clause 8.5		If the particle filtering half mask is designed to be re- usable, the materials used shall withstand the cleaning and disinfecting agents and procedures to be specified by the manufacturer. Testing shall be done in accordance with 8.4 and 8.5. With reference to 7.9.2, after cleaning and disinfecting the re-usable particle filtering half mask shall satisfy the penetration requirement of the relevant class.	Pass	
		Testing shall be done in accordance with 8.11.		
Practical performance	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause7.7& Clause 8.4	Walking test The subjects wearing normal working clothes and wearing the particle filtering half mask shall walk at a regular rate of 6 km/h on a level course. The test shall be continuous, without removal of the particle filtering half mask, for a period of 10 min. Work simulation test The individual activities shall be arranged so that sufficient time is left for the comments prescribed. a) walking on the level with headroom of $(1,3 \pm 0,2)$ m for 5 min; b) crawling on the level with headroom of $(0,70 \pm 0,05)$ m for 5 min; c) filling a small basket (see Figure 1, approximate volume = 8 l) with chippings or other suitable material from a hopper which stands 1,5 m high and has an	Pass. The particle filtering half mask could undergo practical performance tests under realistic conditions.	
Finish o	f EN 149: 2001+	opening at the bottom to allow the contents to be shovelled out and a further opening at the top where the basket full of chippings is returned. The subject shall stoop or kneel as he wishes and fill the basket with chippings. He shall then lift the basket and empty the contents back into the hopper. This shall be done 20 times in 10 min. Parts of the device likely to come into contact with the	, Pass.	
parts		wearer shall have no sharp edges or burrs. Testing shall be done in accordance with 8.2.	No sharp edges and burrs.	
Total inward leakage		1)walking for 2 min without head movement or talking; 2) turning head from side to side (approx. 15 times), as if inspecting the walls of a tunnel for 2 min; 3) moving the head up and down (approx. 15 times), as if inspecting the roof and floor for 2 min;	Total inward leakage is 9%.	
		4) reciting the alphabet or an agreed text out loud as if communicating with a colleague for 2 min;5)walking for 2 min without head movement or talking. The leakage P shall be calculated from measurements		

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		EN 149		
Property Method		Principle / Requirements	Result .	
		made over the last 100 s of each of the exercise periods to avoid carry over of results from one exercise to the other. $P(\%) = \frac{C_2}{C_1} \times \left(\frac{t_{IN} + t_{EX}}{t_{IN}}\right) \times 100$	•	
		where C1 is the challenge concentration C2 is the measured mean concentration in the breathing zone of the test subject tlN is the total duration of inhalation tEX is the total duration of exhalation		
Penetration of filter material	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.9.2	The device shall be mounted in a leaktight manner on a suitable adaptor and subjected to the test(s), ensuring that components of the device that could affect filter penetration values such as valves and harness attachment points are exposed to the challenge aerosol. Testing of penetration, exposure and storage shall be done in accordance with EN 13274-7. The penetration of the filter of the particle filtering half mask shall meet the requirements of Table 1. Table 1 — Penetration of filter material Closeffication Penetration of test aerosol £1 Paraffin of lest 95 limin Paraffin of lest 95 limin Penetration of test aerosol £1 Penetration of test aerosol £2 Penetration o	Pass The penetration of paraffin oil test is 4%. The penetration of sodium chloride test is 3.3%.	
Compatibility with skin	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.10r	Materials that may come into contact with the wearer's skin shall not be known to be likely to cause irritation or any other adverse effect to health.	Pass. Inner and our layer: Nonwoven pet fabric	
Flammability	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause7.11& Clause 8.6	The facepiece is put on a metallic dummy head which is motorized such that it describes a horizontal circle with a linear speed, measured at the tip of the nose, of (60 ± 5) mm/s. The head is arranged to pass over a propane burner the position of which can be adjusted. By means of a suitable gauge, the distance between the top of the burner, and the lowest part of the facepiece (when positioned directly over the burner) shall be set to (20 ± 2) mm. With the head turned away from the area adjacent to the burner, the propane gas is turned on, the pressure adjusted to between 0,2 bar and 0,3 bar and the gas ignited. By means of a needle valve and fine adjustments to the supply pressure, the flame height	s after removal from the flame.	



		EN 149		
Property	Method Principle / Requirements		Result	
		shall be set to (40 ± 4) mm. This is measured with a suitable gauge. The temperature of the flame measured at a height of (20 ± 2) mm above the burner tip by means of a 1,5 mm diameter mineral insulated thermocouple probe, shall be (800 ± 50) °C. The head is set in motion and the effect of passing the facepiece once through the flame shall be noted. The test shall be repeated to enable an assessment to be made of all materials on the exterior of the device. Any one component shall be passed through the flame once only.	Pass.	
Carbon dioxide content of the inhalation air	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause7.12& Clause 8.7	For this test the particle filtering hall mask shall be litted securely in a leak-tight manner but without deformation to a Sheffield dummy head (see Figure 6). Air shall be supplied to it from a breathing machine adjusted to 25 cycles/min and 2,0 l/stroke and the exhaled air shall have a carbon dioxide content of 5 % by volume. The CO2 is fed into the breathing machine via a control valve, a flowmeter, a compensating bag and two non-return valves. Immediately before the solenoid valve a small quantity of exhaled air is preferably continuously withdrawn through a sampling line and then fed into the exhaled air via a CO2 analyser. To measure the CO2 content of the inhaled air, 5 % of the stroke volume of the inhalation phase of the breathing machine is drawn off at the marked place by an auxiliary lung and fed to a CO2 analyser. The total dead space of the gas path (excluding the breathing machine) of the test installation should not exceed 2000 ml. Measure the carbon dioxide content of the inhaled air and record continuously.	The carbon dioxide content of the inhalation aidead space) does not exceed an average of 1,0 %	
Head harness	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.13	The head harness shall be designed so that the particle filtering half mask can be donned and removed easily. The head harness shall be adjustable or self-adjusting and shall be sufficiently robust to hold the particle filtering half mask firmly in position and be capable of maintaining total inward leakage requirements for the device.		
Field of vision	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.14	The field of vision is acceptable if determined so in practical performance tests.	Not applicable	
Exhalation EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause 7.15		A particle filtering half mask may have one or more exhalation valve(s), which shall function correctly in all orientations. Exhalation valve(s), if fitted, shall continue to operate correctly after a continuous exhalation flow of 300 l/min	Pass.	

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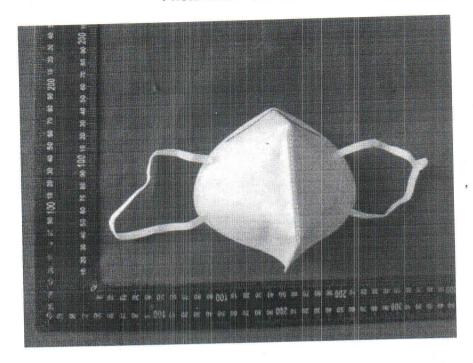
						- "
Property	Method	Principle / F	Result			
		over a perio	od of 30 s.			
		When the faceblank, i applied for	exhalation val t shall withstar 10 s.	nd axially a tens	attached to the sile force of 10 N	
Breathing resistance	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009 Clause7.16& Clause 8.9	Seal the particle filtering half mask on the Sheffield dummy head. Measure the exhalation resistance at the opening for mouth of the dummy head using the adapter shown in Figure 6 and a breathing machine adjusted to 25 cycles/min and 2.0 l/stroke or a continous flow 160 l/min. Use a suitable pressure transducer. Measure the exhalation resistance with the dummy head successively placed in 5 defined positions:			Pass. Inhalation resistance at 30 I/min:<3.0m bar.	
		- facing dire				
			tically upwards			
		rtically downwa	arus			
		the left side		No.		
	- lying on the right side Test the inhalation resistance at 30 l/min and 95 l/min					
	continuous flow.					
	The breathing resistances apply to valved and valveless particle filtering half masks and shall meet the requirements of Table 2.					
		Table 2 — Breathing resistance			,	
		Classification Maximum permitted resistance (mbas)				
			enhal	ation 95 ∀min	axhalation 160 Vmin	
		EE61	30 l/min 0 6	2.1	3,0	
		EFF2	0.7	2,4	3.0	
	÷ ,	FFP3	1,0	3,0	3.0	
Clogging	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009	Convey dust from the distributor to the dust chamber where it is dispersed into the air stream of 60 m /h.			Not applicable	
	Clause 7.17& Clause 8.10	Fit the sample particle filtering half mask in a leaktight manner to a dummy head or a suitable filter holder located in the dust chamber. Connect the breathing machine and humidifier to the sample and operate for the specified testing time. The concentration of dust in the test chamber may be measured by drawing air at 2 l/min through a sampling probe equipped with a pre-weighed, high efficiency filter (open face, diameter 37 mm) located near the test sample, as shown in Figure 10.				
						t
		Calculate the dust concentration from the weight of dust collected, the flow rate through the filter and the time of collection.			Т	
Demountable parts	EN 149: 2001+ A1: 2009	All dem	All demountable parts (if fitted) shall be readily connected and secured, where possible by hand.			

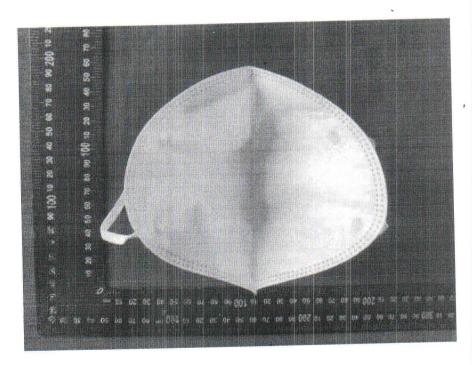
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Attachment 1:

Photo-documentation





======= End of test report=======